TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

THUNDER™ Phospho-CREB (S133) TR-FRET Cell Signaling Assay Kit

bioauxilium

BETTER TOOLS, REAL DISCOVERIES.

CATALOG NUMBERS KIT-CREBP-100 (100 tests)

KIT-CREBP-100 (100 tests)
KIT-CREBP-500 (500 tests)
KIT-CREBP-2500 (2500 tests)
KIT-CREBP-5000 (5000 tests)
KIT-CREBP-10000 (10000 tests)

Store at -80°C For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

This assay kit contains two specific and

selective antibodies, one that recognizes

CREB phosphorylated at Ser133 and

another that recognizes an invariant

SPECIFICITY

epitope of CREB.

SPECIES REACTIVITY

Human, mouse (Swiss-Prot Acc.: P16220; Entrez-Gene Id: 1385).

Other species should be tested on a case-by-case basis.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

This assay kit measures intracellular levels of **phospho-CREB (S133)** protein in cell lysates using a simple, rapid and sensitive immunoassay based on the homogeneous (no-wash) THUNDER™ TR-FRET technology. The kit is compatible with both adherent and suspension cells.

TR-FRET ASSAY PRINCIPLE

The Phospho-CREB (S133) assay kit is a homogeneous timeresolved Förster resonance energy transfer (TR-FRET) sandwich immunoassay (Figure 1). The THUNDER™ Cell Signaling assay workflow consists of 3 steps (Figure 2). Following cell treatment, cells are first lysed with the specific Lysis Buffer provided in the kit. Then Phospho-CREB (S133) in the cell lysates is detected with a pair of fluorophore-labeled antibodies in a simple "add-incubatemeasure" format (single-step reagent addition; no wash steps). One antibody is labeled with a donor fluorophore (Europium chelate: Eu-Abl) and the second with a far-red acceptor fluorophore (FR-Ab2). The binding of the two labeled antibodies to distinct epitopes on the target protein takes place in solution and brings the two dyes into close proximity. Excitation of the donor Europium chelate molecules with a flash lamp (320 or 340 nm) or a laser (337 nm) triggers a FRET from the donor to the acceptor molecules, which in turn emit a TR-FRET signal at 665 nm. Residual energy from the Eu chelate generates light at 615 nm. The signal at 665 nm is proportional to the concentration of Phospho-CREB (S133) in the cell lysate. Data can be expressed as either the signal at 665 nm or the 665 nm/615 nm ratio.

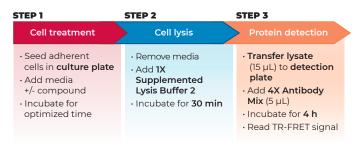


Figure 2 Assay workflow using the 2-plate (transfer) protocol.

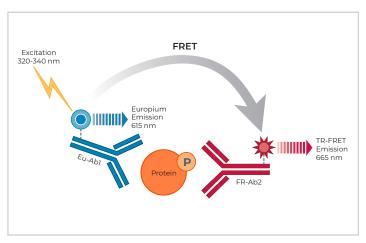


Figure 1 Schematic representation of the TR-FRET cell signaling assay principle.

KIT COMPONENTS

| | 100 points* | 500 points* |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Eu-labeled Phospho-CREB (S133) antibody (Eu-Ab1) | 5 μL | 25 μL |
| Acceptor-labeled Phospho-CREB (S133) antibody (FR-Ab2) | 20 μL | 100 μL |
| Lysis Buffer 2 (5X) | 1 mL | 5 mL |
| Detection Buffer (10X) | 50 μL | 250 µL |
| Positive control cell lysate | 100 µL | 200 µL |
| Phosphatase Inhibitor Cocktail (100X) | 50 μL | 250 μL |

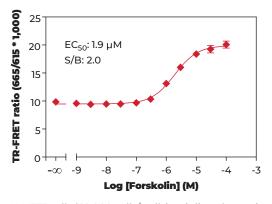
 $^{^*}$ The number of assay points is based on an assay volume of 20 μL in half-area 96-well or low-volume 384-well assay plates using the kit components at the recommended concentrations (refer to the User Manual).

VALIDATION DATA

This assay kit has been validated for the relative quantification of phospho-CREB (S133) in A431, NIH3T3 and B lymphocyte cell lysates using the 2-plate assay protocol.

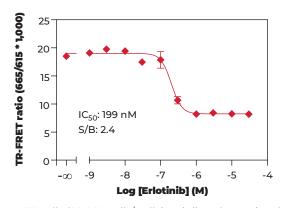
- Adherent cells were cultured overnight in a 96-well tissue culture plate before treatment, whereas B lymphocytes were centrifuged and resuspended at the desired density in RPMI without serum before treatment. Culture media used were: DMEM +10% FBS for A431; DMEM +10% CBS for NIH3T3; RPMI+15% FBS for B lymphocytes.
- · For adherent cells, following cell treatment, the media was removed and cells were lysed with the 1X Lysis Buffer 2 (50 μ L) supplemented with the phosphatase inhibitors sodium fluoride
- (1 mM) and sodium orthovanadate (2 mM).
- · For B lymphocytes, cells were lysed by adding **5X lysis buffer 2** (with phosphatase inhibitors), to a final concentration of 1X.
- · Following a **30-min** incubation at room temperature (RT) on an orbital shaker (400 rpm), lysates (15 μ L) were then transferred to a 384-well assay plate followed by addition of the labeled antibodies Eu-Ab1 and FR-Ab2 (5 μ L) for detection of phospho-CREB (S133).
- The plate was incubated at RT for **4 hours** and the TR-FRET signal was recorded at 665 and 615 nm (EnVision®; lamp excitation).

STIMULATION OF PHOSPHO-CREB (S133) IN NIH3T3 CELLS



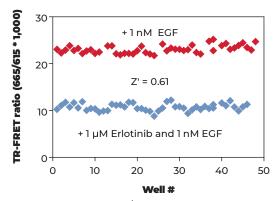
NIH3T3 cells (50,000 cells/well; in triplicate) were incubated with serial dilutions of Forskolin for 30 min at 37°C. Data show that treatment of NIH3T3 cells with Forskolin stimulates phosphorylation of CREB at S133.

INHIBITION OF PHOSPHO-CREB (S133) IN A431 CELLS



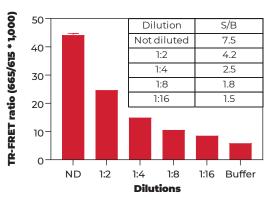
A431 cells (50,000 cells/well; in triplicate) were incubated with serial dilutions of the inhibitor Erlotinib for 30 min at 37°C. Cells were then stimulated with 1 nM of EGF for 10 min at 37°C. Data show that treatment of A431 cells with Erlotinib inhibits phosphorylation of CREB at S133 by EGF.

Z'-FACTOR DETERMINATION IN A431 CELLS



A431 cells (50,000 cells/well) were incubated without or with 1 μM of Erlotinib for 30 min at 37°C followed by 1 nM of EGF for 10 min at 37°C. The Z' factor value was determined using a total of 48 wells for each treatment group. The Z'-factor value of 0.61 indicates that the assay is robust and suitable for HTS.

B LYMPHOCYTE CONTROL LYSATE TITRATION (OC TEST)



Quality Control: the Phospho-CREB (S133) assay kit is routinely tested against NECA-treated B lymphocyte lysates. B lymphocyte cells (80 millions in 8 mL of media) were incubated in a T-flask with 300 nM of NECA (8 mL at 2X) for 30 min at RT. Following cell lysis using 4 mL of 5X Lysis Buffer 2 (final 1X), lysates were serially diluted with 1X Lysis Buffer 2 and tested in triplicate. Data show a linear relationship between lysate dilutions and TR-FRET ratio values.



FOR MORE INFORMATION ON DEVELOPING AND OPTIMIZING TR-FRET CELL SIGNALING ASSAYS, CONSULT THE USER MANUAL.